Massachusetts Department of Public Health (MDPH) Division of Epidemiology and Immunization 617-983-6800

Pneumococcal Polysaccharide Vaccine (PPV23) Available at No Cost

For all Massachusetts Residents At Risk for Pneumococcal Disease

Infection with *Streptococcus pneumoniae* results in widespread illness and death throughout the United States each year.

- Pneumococcal pneumonia
 - 175,000 hospitalized cases every year
 - Comprises up to 36% of adult community-acquired pneumonia
 - Common complication of influenza
 - Case fatality rate of 5% 7%, and even higher in the elderly
- Pneumococcal bacteremia
 - > 50,000 cases in U.S. every year
 - Case fatality rate of 20%, up to 60% in the elderly
- Pneumococcal meningitis
 - 3,000 6,000 cases in the U.S. every year
 - Case fatality rate of 30%, up to 80% in the elderly
 - Neurologic sequelae common in survivors
- In some areas of the U.S. up to 40% of invasive pneumococcal isolates are resistant to penicillin, complicating treatment of pneumococcal disease.
- Only 65% of Massachusetts residents 65 years of age or older have ever received a
 pneumococcal vaccine; only 39% of Massachusetts residents 18 64 years of age with
 diabetes have ever received a pneumococcal vaccine.
- Medicare Reimburses for both the cost of influenza and PPV23 vaccines, and for their administration. Reimbursement for administration of vaccine has increased to \$22.07 in metro-Boston, and \$19.92 in the rest of the state, even when performed on the same day as other Medicare-covered services. For more information, go to http://www.cms.hhs.gov/preventiveservices/2.asp or call 617-565-4857.

To obtain state-supplied PPV23 for your patients, Contact your MDPH Regional Office, or The MDPH Vaccine Management Unit (617-983-6828)